

**FINDING DOMAIN ALGEBRAICALLY**

**CASE 1: FRACTIONS**

Directions: State the domain in interval notation.

1.)  $y = \frac{1}{x}$

2.)  $y = \frac{1}{x-2}$

3.)  $f(x) = \frac{8}{3x+9}$

4.)  $f(x) = \frac{x^3}{x^2-4x-96}$

5.)  $y = \frac{6x}{x^2+7x+12}$

6.)  $y = \frac{3x^2-8x}{2x^2-5x-3}$

**CASE 2: RADICALS**

Directions: State the domain in interval notation.

7.)  $y = \sqrt{x-3}$

8.)  $y = \sqrt{2x+8}$

9.)  $y = \sqrt{x^2-9}$

10.)  $y = \sqrt[3]{1-x^2}$

11.)  $f(x) = \sqrt{4-x^2}$

12.)  $f(x) = \sqrt{x^2+x-12}$

**CASE 3: FRACTION & RADICAL COMBINATION**

Directions: State the domain in interval notation.

13.)  $f(x) = \frac{5}{\sqrt{2x-10}}$

14.)  $f(x) = \frac{9}{\sqrt{x^2-144}}$

15.)  $f(x) = \frac{11}{\sqrt{x^2-100}}$

16.)  $y = \frac{\sqrt{x^2-36}}{2x-8}$

17.)  $y = \frac{\sqrt{x^2-25}}{3x-24}$

18.)  $y = \frac{\sqrt{9-x^2}}{x^2+7x+10}$

MIXED PRACTICE: State the domain in interval notation.

19.)  $y = \frac{5x^3-9}{x^3+13x^2+42x}$

20.)  $f(x) = \frac{\sqrt{x^2-9x+8}}{x^2-16+63}$

21.)  $f(x) = \frac{\sqrt{x^2-7x-18}}{x^2-5x-14}$

22.)  $f(x) = \sqrt{25-5x}$

23.)  $f(x) = 8x^3 - 13x^2 + 9x - 4$

24.)  $f(x) = \frac{x+9}{\sqrt{x^2+x-72}}$

25.)  $f(x) = \frac{\sqrt{7x^2-31x-20}}{7x^2+9x}$

26.)  $f(x) = \sqrt{8x^2 - 48x}$